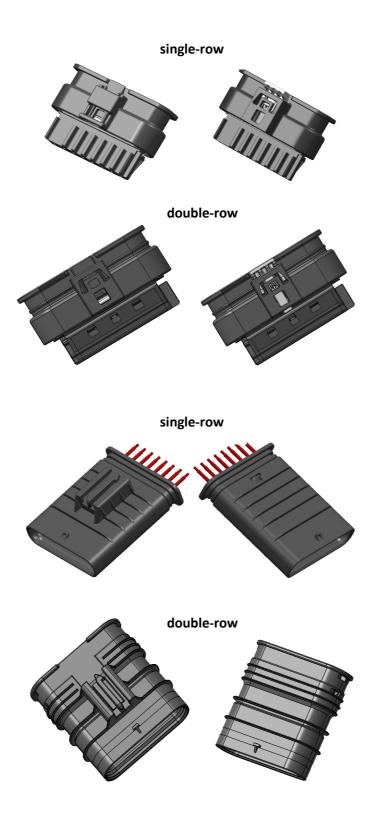


2- to 16-way 1.2 SealStar Female- and Male Connector single-row or double-row



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1. General information

1.1 Introduction

This product specification describes product components, delivery conditions, the technical characteristics as well as executed quality tests for 1.2 SealStar female- and male connector single-row or double-row. In case of doubt, this specification has priority over the following documents.

In case of inappropriate, deviating from this specification and the applicable documents and resulting quality problems the right of recourse will be rejected.

Detailed test reports are not published but can be inspected on site.

All test specimens must be described such as customer number, test specimen designation, date of manufacture, country of manufacture, material, contact system used, cable used, mould cavity, supplier part number.

This also applies to the corresponding counterparts (e.g. inline connectors, fixtures, contacts, etc.). In all tests, it must be ensured that the test items comply with the valid customer drawing documents and product and processing specifications.

The measurement frequency for continuous monitoring of the measured values is defined for the relevant tests. The measured values must be recorded, save and displayed for later evaluation.

Unless otherwise stated, all tests must be performed with series production parts. Sorting out, lubricating, cleaning or similar manipulations are not permitted.

All tensile tests must be performed at a speed of 50 mm/min. Deviations must be documented.

Product-specific deviations can be found in the respective DVP overview!

Not all the above approval tests have been carried out for all numbers of poles! See performed test matrix.



1.2 Applicable document

a)	Processing specification EVS-100013-00	1.2 SealStar Female Connector single row or double row
b)	Processing specification EVS-100014-00	1.2 SealStar Male Connector single row or double row
c)	Product specification DOC00076784	
d)	Processing specification DOC00061540	Kostal "Mini Lamellen" Contact MLK 1.2
e)	Contact MLK 1.2 DOC10304894-1	
f)	Product specification 108-18782	
g)	Processing specification 114-18464	Tyco Electronics MCON-1.2-Contact System
h)	MCON-1.2-LL (Locking-Lance) contact C-1452674	
i)	DIN EN 60352-2	Solderless electrical connection part 2: crimp connection
j)	DIN EN 60512	Connectors for electronic equipment- Tests and measurements
k)	DIN EN 60529	Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP-code)



2. Technical characteristic

2.1 Operating temperature

Temperature range. For contacts, see product specification of contact systems

Temperature range for the plastic used:

-40°C up to +130°C for a time range of 3000h. Short-term temperature max. 150°C over a time 300h , see plastic material data sheet.

2.2 Degrees of protection

When using 1.2 contacts with seal: IPX7 / IPX9K The single wire seal must not be exposed unprotected to the steam jet. The application of cover caps for the female/male connectors is permitted during the protection class test.

2.3 Retention force of contacts in 1.2 SealStar female connector or male connector

max. contact removal force from 1.2 SealStar female connector or male connector:

F _{primary}	≥55N
$F_{secondary}$	≥55N

2.4 Mounting and demounting forces

max. mounting force of 1.2 Sea	alStar female connector into 1.2 SealStar male connector /	⁷ plug socl	ket:
(worst-case calculation)	2- to 10-pol:	F	≤80N
(worst-case calculation)	12- to 16-pol:	F	≤120N
Typically measured values		F	<75N
min. retention force of 1.2 Sea	IStar female connector into 1.2 SealStar male connector /	plug sock	et:
	,	F	≥100N
min. / max. mounting force of	CPA from pre-engaged to locked position:	F	5N - 60N
min. / max. demounting force	of CPA from locked to pre-engaged position	F	5N - 60N
max. locking force of the secon	ndary locking mechanism:	F	≤80N
2.5 Characteristic of contac	t System		

max. permitted conductor cross section:	1,0 mm ² with Seal		
max. permitted conductor diameter:	2,1 mm with Seal		
max. terminal insertion force:		F	≤30N

2.6 Material

Information of this can be found in the customer drawings.

3. Delivery condition / product components

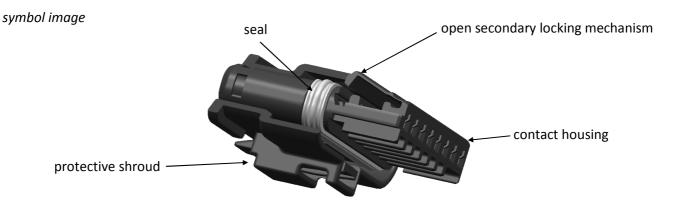
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3.1 Delivery condition 1.2 SealStar female connector single-row without CPA

(valid for all variants)

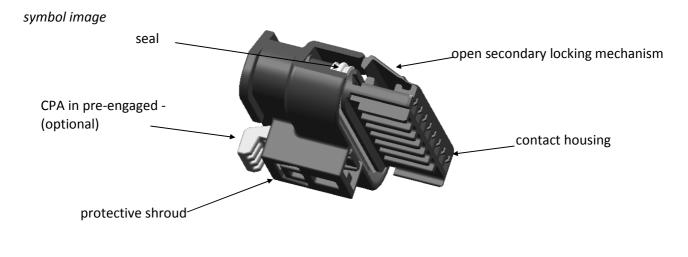
The connector, consists of a contact housing, seal, protective shroud. The connector is delivered in assembled condition, with open secondary locking mechanism.



3.2 Delivery condition 1.2 SealStar female connector single-row -CPA (optional)

(valid for all variants)

The connector, consists of a contact housing, seal, protective shroud and CPA (optional). The connector is delivered in assembled condition, with open secondary locking mechanism and pre-engaged CPA.



3.3 Delivery condition 1.2 SealStar female connector double-row -CPA (optional)

(valid for all variants)

symbol image

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The connector, consists of a contact housing, seal, protective shroud and CPA (optional). The connector is delivered in assembled condition, with open secondary locking mechanism (double) and pre-engaged CPA (optional).

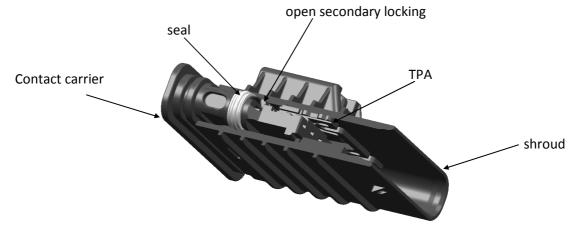
CPA in pre-engaged -(optional) protective shroud

3.4 Delivery condition 1.2 SealStar male connector single-row with TPA

(valid for all variants)

The connector, consists of a contact carrier, seal, TPA and a shroud. The connector is pre-assembled and the secondary lock is open. TPA = Terminal Position Assurance

symbol image





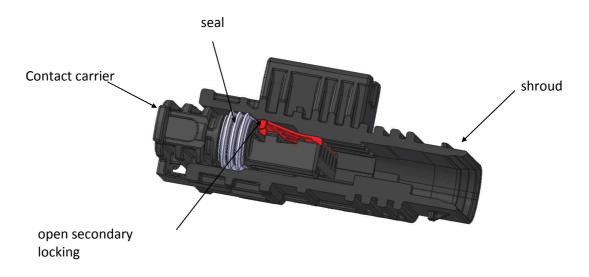
3.5 Delivery condition 1.2 SealStar male connector single-row without TPA

(valid for all variants)

The connector, consists of a contact carrier, seal and a shroud. The connector is delivered in assembled condition, with open secondary locking mechanism and preengaged Contact carrier.

symbol image

symbol image

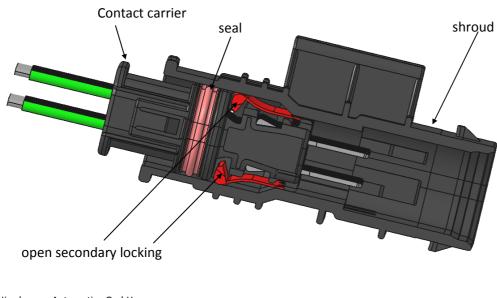


3.6 Delivery condition 1.2 SealStar male connector double-row without TPA

(valid for all way variants)

The connector, consists of a contact carrier, seal and a shroud.

The connector is delivered in assembled condition, with open secondary locking (double) mechanism and pre-engaged Contact carrier.



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4. Test requirements

4.1 Features and test description				
4.1.1 Dimensional inspection				
Description Requirement Procedure/Notes				
Dimension	Fulfilment of the customer's drawing or product specification.	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g		
Note: Batch size: 1 piece per tool or mould cavity Housings: all variants				
Requirement: Dimensions must conform to the customer drawings.				

4.1.2 Electrical requirements				
Description Requirement Procedure/Notes				
Contact resistance	Test voltage on ≤20 mV direct voltage (DC), Test time: 60s Contact resistance data: see appendix A as appendix A.1 resistance measurement 1	DIN EN 60512-2-1, "millivolt level method" measurement: 4.1		
Insulation resistance	Direct voltage (DC) from 500V ±50V Test time: 60s Insulation resistance: >100 MΩ	DIN EN 60512-3-1 Connection type: A		

Note:

Batch size: one housing per mould cavity (fully equipped) or at least 10 contacts parts split over at least 2 housings.

Contact part: any type

Requirement:

For resistances, the initial value, final value, standard deviation and the resistance change of the respective DUTs in each case.

DUT = device under test



4.2 Mechanical requirements

4.2.1 Material and surface analysis

Description	Requirement	Procedure/Notes		
Visual inspection	Visual inspection Injection mould cavities skins, tool offset and mould cavity separation marks must be not impair the handling or function, are permissible within the drawing requirements.	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g		
Material analysis	Documentation of the materials: - Material certificate + Identification of all materials (IMDS) - The RAL colours (for all keying) Documentation of the surface quality: - Measurement of maximum permissible burrs at the function- relevant locations			
Identification on the surface	Housing identification, according to customer drawing			
Note: Batch size: 1 piece per mould cavity Housings: all variants				

4.2.2 Contact engagement length				
Description Requirement Procedure/Notes				
Contact engagement length	 Contact engagement length: >1.00mm Tolerance calculation 	Tolerance calculation		
Requirement: A tolerance calculation with dimensional specification is required.				



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Description	Requirement	Procedure/Notes	
Drop test	Secondary lock in the pre-engagement position	– DIN EN 60068-2-31	
Diopitest	Secondary lock in the end- position	- DIN EN 00008-2-3.	
Visual inspection	 Secondary lock in the pre- engagement position must not close in the drop test. Secondary lock in the end- position must not open in the drop test. The test objects must not be damaged. Damage must be documented. 	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g	
Locking force of the secondary locking mechanism	Locking force of the secondary locking mechanism values, see point 2.4 mounting and demounting forces	-	
	nousings for secondary lock in the pre-engagement position d housings for secondary lock in the end- position (cable are cu	t off directly behind	
Drop test: 3 unequipped H 3 fully equippe the housing)	d housings for secondary lock in the end-position (cable are cur condary locking mechanism: 3 unequipped housings	t off directly behind	
Drop test: 3 unequipped H 3 fully equippe the housing) Locking force of the sec Contact part: any typ Requirement for drop H To test the housing sta Drop test in drum, see	d housings for secondary lock in the end-position (cable are cu condary locking mechanism: 3 unequipped housings re test: bility and the locks, the housings are testing in a rotating drum.		
Drop test: 3 unequipped H 3 fully equippe the housing) Locking force of the sec Contact part: any typ Requirement for drop H To test the housing sta Drop test in drum, see Secondary lock in the p Secondary lock in the p	d housings for secondary lock in the end-position (cable are cut condary locking mechanism: 3 unequipped housings e test: bility and the locks, the housings are testing in a rotating drum. appendix D pre-engagement position and-position		
Drop test: 3 unequipped H 3 fully equippe the housing) Locking force of the sec Contact part: any typ Requirement for drop H To test the housing sta Drop test in drum, see Secondary lock in the p Secondary lock in the p Secondary lock in the p	d housings for secondary lock in the end-position (cable are cut condary locking mechanism: 3 unequipped housings e test: bility and the locks, the housings are testing in a rotating drum. appendix D pre-engagement position and-position ure (RT) according to ISO 554-23/50 ordinary		



4.2.4 Handling and functional reliability of the housing			
Description	Requirement	Procedure/Notes	
Visual inspection	Determining a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g	
Insertion force/ actuation force	Insertion force or actuation force for insertion and removal aids (fully equipped housings) values, see point 2.4 mounting and demounting forces The insertion force in plugging direction or actuation force of the insertion removal aid must be measured. The insertion force (including for insertion aids) must always be measured in the actuation direction. The DUTs must be fastened in the tensile testing machine with suitable holders so that the housings are not damaged or deformed.	testing speed: 50 mm/min	
Keying/polarizing	Error-proof design of housing (unequipped housings) criterion: F >3-times the insertion force (equipped housings) but at least ≥80N	DIN EN 60512-13-5 testing speed: 50 mm/min	
Retention force of housing latch/lock	 Retention force by open / closed CPA F ≥100N Applicable to housings for inline and plug –in connections and device-mounted plug-in connections. If the connector housing have a CPA, the test must be performed both with the CPA open and with the CPA closed. The DUTs must be fastened in the tensile testing machine with suitable holders so that the housings are not damaged or deformed. The force must be applied opposite the plugging direction of the housings. The maximum force on the first displacement millimetre is defined as the retention force. 	DIN EN 60512-15-6 testing speed: 50 mm/min	



CPA functional test	 - CPA actuation force when the housing is locked in the end position. - CPA opening force from end position to in pre-engaged position Values, see point 2.4 Mounting and Demounting Forces min. / max. mounting / demounting force of CPA from pre-engaged to locked position or locked to pre-engaged position. - CPA efficiency (pressing force of the CPA, up to the 	testing speed: 50 mm/min
	locked position) criterion: $F > 1,5$ -times Insertion force but at least $\ge 80N$ It must not be possible to actuate the CPA if the housing is not locked in the end position.	
Visual inspection	Determine deviations from a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g

Retention force of the housing latch/lock: at least 10 (+10 if the housing has a CPA) complete connectors couplings without contacts.

To be carried out only if the housing has a CPA:

CPA function test: min. 10 unequipped housings (incl. counterpart) for actuation- and opening force min. 10 unequipped housings for CPA efficiency

No cracks or fractures must occur in the entire housing including add-on parts (CPAs, locks, levers, sliders, film hinges, etc.). Actuated contact locks must not open as a result if the test.



Description	Requirement	Procedure/Notes
Visual inspection	Determining a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d
	Insert forces of the contact into the	to 3g
Insert forces contact	chamber Values, see point 2.5 Characteristic of Contact system	testing speed: 10 mm/min
Contact removal force from the housing	Contact pull out force - primary lock - secondary lock Values, see point 2.3 retention force of contacts	testing speed: 50 mm/min
Removal of the contacts three times with release tool	Removal of the contacts three times with release tool. Contact removal force from the housing, primary lock; Fulfilment of the lowest values from the contact removal force - primary lock.	testing speed: 50 mm/min
Visual inspection	Determine deviations from a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g

Note:

Batch size:

Insert forces contact:

min. 1 equipped housing per mould cavity, but at least 10 contacts must be tested.

Contact removal force from the housing:

min. 1 equipped housing per mould cavity, but at least 10 contacts for primary lock min. 1 equipped housing per mould cavity, but at least 10 contacts for secondary lock

Removal of the contacts three times with release tool: min. 1 equipped housing per mould cavity, but at least 10 contacts must be tested.

The test specimens must be fixed in the tensile testing machine with suitable holders so that the housings are not damaged/deformed.

Insert forces contact:

The contacts are assembled in the chamber for contact insertion forces.

The contact insertion force is to be applied with a test device as close as possible to the cable connection in the insertion direction. During the test, make sure that the contact to be tested is snapped in. The values must be measured and documented.

Contact removal force from the housing:

The contacts are assembled in the chamber for contact, during testing, it must be checked that the contacts are snapped in and then is a constant force applied to the contact from the front in axial direction and pulled out, this applied, constant force must be measured and documented.



4.2.6 Scoop-proofing			
Description	Requirement	Procedure/Notes	
Scoop-proofing	It must be possible to touch signal- and current-carrying components (contacts) during removal/installation only with their signal- and current-carrying mating piece (and its guide cup). The design must preclude contact with housing parts.	Verification with CAD images	

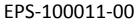
4.2.7 Housing influence on the derating			
Description	Requirement	Procedure/Notes	
Visual inspection	Determining a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g	
Current excess temperature	Current excess temperature with housing The contacts measured for which the maximum temperature influence, e.g. due to adjacent cavities is to be expected. specification: limiting temperature of the system to be validated. "contact resistance specified test current method" see appendix A as appendix A.1 resistance measurement 2	DIN EN 60512-5-1 DIN EN 60512-2-2, measurement: 4.1	
Derating (current carrying capacity)	Derating with housings current excess temperature: Loading with current, which must be increased incrementally and measurement of the current excess temperature. note: The limit temperature of the derating diagram is documented with the test group "Electrical stress test" once for each substance surface combination of the contact system.	DIN 60512-5-2	
Visual inspection	Determine deviations from a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g	
Note: Batch size: per 3 equipped housings (incl. counterpart equipped) Contact parts: case by case the surface must be documented. Line length: according DIN 60512-5-2 Line cross-section: to be determined on a case-by-case basis or see customer drawing, in each case the same cross-section in a test object.			
Requirement: The measured values must correspond to the manufacturer's specification. The following must be marked in the derating diagram: - the indication "derating in the housing" must be contained. the housing must be described (including number of pins) - the 80% characteristic curve of the measured values must be represented in the diagram			



4.2.8 Vibration

Description	Requirement	Procedure/Notes	
Visual inspection	Determining a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g	
Contact resistance	Test voltage on ≤20 mV direct voltage (DC), Test time: 60s Contact resistance data: see appendix A as appendix A.1 resistance measurement 1	DIN EN 60512-2-1, "millivolt level method" measurement: 4.1	
Contact resistance continuous	Contact resistance continuous during "Dynamic load, sinusoidal" with test current (100mA) Measurement frequency: 1 measured value per min see appendix A.1 resistance measurement 2		
Dynamic load, sinusoidal	Severity: see appendix B Sweep speed: 1 oct/min	DIN EN 60068-2-6	
Contact resistance continuous	Contact resistance continuous during "dynamic load, broadband random vibration" with test current (100mA) Measurement frequency: 1 measured value per min see appendix A.1 resistance measurement 2		
Dynamic load, Broad-band random vibration	Severity: see appendix B	DIN EN 60068-2-64	
Note: Dynamic load, sinusoidal and Dynamic load, broadband random vibration can also be performed simultaneously (SOR).			
Contact resistance	 Test voltage on ≤20 mV direct voltage (DC), Test time: 60s Contact resistance data: see appendix A as appendix A.1 resistance measurement 1 	DIN EN 60512-2-1, "millivolt level method" measurement: 4.1	
Permanent shocks	severity: see appendix B	DIN EN 60068-2-27	
Resonance frequency of contact assembly	Determination of the resonance frequency of the housing parts including contacts and lines under sinusoidal vibration. Vibration transducers of the smallest dimensions must be affixed to the housing, which is not screwed fast to the vibrator table. Dynamic load, sinusoidal Sweep speed: 1 oct/min a= 10 m/s ² F= 5 Hz - 2000 Hz - 5 Hz The vibration responses of the housing must also be recorded and documented as a diagram together with the excitation profile in the test report.	DIN EN 60068-2-6	





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	NOTIVE :	21.02.2018 -Rev. 03
Visual inspection	Determine deviations from a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g
Note:		
Batch size:	at least 10 contact parts, distributed on at least 2 housings (incl. counterpart equipped)	;
Contact parts:	surface Ag (=silver-plated)	
Line cross-section:	to be determined on a case-by-case basis	
Lines:	the insulation must be withstand the test temperature, lin documented.	e types must be
in the clamped and t In order to documer performed in the de	ce (see resistance limits: see appendix A) is measured before a firmly wired state (before it is converted to a new axis). In the freedom from resonance of the clamping device, a resonance of the start of the vibration test signated frequency range before the start of the vibration test rather an examination of the test setup.	nance analysis must be
For especially critica	nounted on the vibration generator according see appendix C. I installation conditions, special agreements must be made be must also be documented in the test report.	tween the manufacturer
requirement: The maximum value	s of appendix A must not be exceeded.	
	echanical damage to the housings and contacts that could imp he plug connection must not open during the test.	pair their function, during
	monitoring takes place during the test. Permissible circuit < 10	100 ns

The circuit is considered interrupted when the contact resistance exceeds 7 Ω . Interruptions are not permissible.



4.3.1 Climate load of the	housing	
Description	Requirement	Procedure/Notes
Visual inspection	Determining a Target State	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g
Insulation resistance	Direct voltage (DC) from 500V ±50V Test time: 60s Insulation resistance: >100 MΩ	DIN EN 60512-3-1 connection type: A
Aging in dry heat	Duration: 120 h Temperature: 130 °C	DIN EN 60068-2-2 Test Bb
	Duration: 10 days, Temperature: 40 °C, Relative Humidity: 95 %	
Humid heat, constant	After conclusion of test "Humid heat, constant", the insulation must be measured at the earliest after 30 min and at the latest after 60 min.	DIN EN 60068-2-30
Insulation resistance	Direct voltage (DC) from 500V ±50V Test time: 60s Insulation resistance: >100 MΩ	DIN EN 60512-3-1 connection type: A
Visual inspection	Determine deviations from a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g
Low-temperature aging	Duration: 48 h Temperature: -40 °C	DIN EN 60068-2-1
Removal and insertion	Removal and insertion at -20 °C	-
Visual inspection	Determine deviations from a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g
Aging in dry heat	Duration: 48h, Temperature: 80°C	DIN EN 60068-2-2 Test Bb
Drop test	Drop test in unplugged status	DIN EN 60068-2-31
Visual inspection	Determine deviations from a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g
Contact parts:anyHousings:allLine cross-section:to lLines:the	ousings, up to 5-pin fully equipped; for 6-pin and above, y type variants that occur (keying, colour optional) be determined on a case-by-case basis insulation must be withstand the test temperature, line cumented.	with 5 contacts



requirement:

After completion of the test, no function deviations must have occurred.

It must be possible to open and re-close the connector even at -20°C.

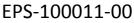
Any film hinges and latch elements present must not break off or crack upon actuation.

The drop test must cause no damage to the specimens impairing their function. Locks must not open.

Description	Requirement	Procedure/Notes
Visual inspection	Determining a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g
Contact resistance	Group 2 only Test voltage on ≤20 mV direct voltage (DC), Test time: 60s Contact resistance data: see appendix A as appendix A.1 resistance measurement 1	DIN EN 60512-2-1, " millivolt level method" measurement: 4.1
Long-term aging in dry heat	Group 1 & group 2 Duration: 1000 h Temperature: 130 °C Subsequent aging: 48 h at room temperature	DIN EN 60068-2-2 Test Bb
Contact resistance	Group 2 only Test voltage on ≤20 mV direct voltage (DC), Test time: 60s Contact resistance data: see appendix A as appendix A.1 resistance measurement 1	DIN EN 60512-2-1, " millivolt level method" measurement: 4.1
Functional test	Group 1 & group 2 Connection of the connector housings until complete latching. Opening of the lock and complete disconnection of the connector housings. Number of cycles: 5	-
Drop test	Drop test, group 1 only	DIN EN 60068-2-31
Contact removal force from the housing	Group 2 only Contact pull-out force from the housing Values, see point 2.3 retention force of contacts. The values for the secondary locks from " insert and retention forces of the contact parts in the housing" applies as the limit, even if the primary and secondary locks are closed here.	testing speed: 50 mm/min



Product specification



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Visual inspection	on	Determine deviations from a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g
Note:			
Batch size:	2 grou	os, 5 housings per group	
Group 1:	5 hous	ings unequipped	
Group 2:	Froup 2: 5 housings equipped (incl. counterpart fully equipped); for 6-pin and above, with 5 contact		d above, with 5 contacts
Contact parts: the surface must be determined on a case-by-case basis, however, at least 10 contact p		at least 10 contact pairs	
	for thre	ough resistance measurements.	
Lines:	the ins	ulation must be withstand the test temperature, line types m	nust be documented.
Line cross-sect	ion:	to be determined on a case-by-case basis or see customer c same cross-section in a test object	lrawing, in each case the
Requirement:			

After completion of the test, there must be no functional impairments detected on the housings. Cracking or delamination's that affects the function is not permissible. Unless otherwise specified in the processing specification.

Description	Requirement	Procedure/Notes
Visual inspection	Determining a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g
Insulation resistance	Direct voltage (DC) from 500V ±50V Test time: 60s Insulation resistance: >100 MΩ	DIN EN 60512-3-1 connection type: A
resistance to agents	The test object must be exposed to the fluids and aged for 48 h at the required aging temperature. Test fluid, see appendix E	
Insulation resistance	Direct voltage (DC) from 500V ±50V Test time: 60s Insulation resistance: >100 MΩ	DIN EN 60512-3-1 connection type: A
Visual inspection	Determine deviations from a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g

Note:

Batch size:2 housings equipped, sealed housings + 1 housing with blind seal, per test fluidContact parts:any type

Requirement:

No functionally significant structural or dimensional change Insulation resistance: >100 $M\Omega$ The test object must remain fully functional.



Γ

Description	Requirement	Procedure/Notes
Visual inspection	All groups Determining a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g
Aging in dry heat	All groups Duration: 120 h Temperature: 130 °C	DIN EN 60068-2-2 Test Bb
Temperature shock	All groups Duration: 144 cycles Temperature: - 40 °C / 130 °C 15 min respectively Acclimatization period: max. 10 s	DIN EN 60068-2-14 Test Na
Visual inspection	All groups	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g
Immersion with pressure difference	All groups are pressurized using suitable means. The remaining contact cavities are closed using blind plugs or sealed line ends. The specified holding times apply once the required pressure values (a-d) are maintained. Medium: low surface-tension, 5% NaCi solution a) Normal pressure b) -10 kPa, holding time 5 min c) -50 kPa, holding time 5 min d) Normal pressure change in pressure: 10 kPa/min	
Line movement during immersion with pressure difference- vacuum	Group 2: For housing with cover caps, the test must be performed without the cover caps. For housings that cannot be installed without cover caps (e.g. for insertion and removal aids), this test section is omitted. Definition of line movement: - no fixed clamping of the lines, no tension on the lines - movement profile: - deflection of the line bundle by 100 mm (final position) at 100 mm distance from the single-wire seal - hold for 10 s - deflection until the opposite final position - hold for 10 s - The movement profile is performed once per pressure stage during the pressure loading. - movement direction: perpendicular to the cable routing separation direction, in both spatial axes	DIN EN 60512-14-5 DIN EN 60068-2-13



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Visual inspection	All group	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g		
Temperature shock	All groups Medium: low surface-tension, 5% NaCi solution Air temperature: 120 °C duration: 30 min each Water temperature: 0 °C duration: 15 min each Number of cycles: 5	DIN EN 60068-2-14 Test Na		
Degree of protection / pressure washer test	All groups Severity: IP X9K All three sides of the DUT must be exposed to the steam jet. Test can be performed with cover caps. Test duration, per site: 15 s Distance, nozzle-DUT: 100-150 mm Pressure: 80 bar Temperature: 80 °C The test is performed 3 times.	DIN EN 60529		
Insulation resistance	Direct voltage (DC) from 500V ±50V Test time: 60s Insulation resistance: >100 MΩ	DIN EN 60512-3-1 connection type: A		
Visual inspection	Determine deviations from a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g		
Note: Batch size: 2 Groups Group 1: 2 housings equipped with blind plugs (incl. counterpart fully equipped); Group 2: 5 housings equipped (incl. counterpart fully equipped) with contacts Contact parts: case-by-case Lines: the insulation must be withstand the test temperature, line types must be documented. Line cross-section: to be determined on a case-by-case basis or see customer drawing, in each case the same cross-section in a test object Requirement: No medium must penetrate into the connector, possible use of water finding paste.				
No medium must penetrate into the connector, possible use of water finding paste. The Insulation resistance must be >100 M Ω . The function of the locking an releasing elements must be remain fully intact.				



4.3.5 Locking noise

Description	Requirement	Procedure/Notes
		DIN EN 60512-1-1
Visual inspection	Determining a target state	characteristics 3a, 3b,
		3d to 3g
Aging	Aging, 24 h at RT	
	Distance to measuring microphone: 600mm ±50mm	
	Actuation of the lock:	
Locking noise	by hand, with the least possible contact	
	Avoidance of falsifying reflections by underlying	
	structures (table) or near walls, see appendix F	
		DIN EN 60512-1-1
Visual inspection	Determine deviations from a target state	characteristics 3a, 3b,
		3d to 3g

Note:

Batch size: 2 housings per mould cavity (equipped)

Requirement:

Aim: all locks to be actuated in vehicle assembly must produce an audible locking feedback

The measured dB(A) values must be documented.

For this purpose, the signal-to-noise ratio between the locking noise and ambient noise must be at least 7 dB(A).

The locking noise must be at least $L_{Apeak} \ge 70 \text{ dB}(A)$.

L_{Apeak:} peak level of the sound level with frequency weighting A



4.3.6 Retention for	prce of the blind plugs	
Description	Requirement	Procedure/Notes
Theoretical determination of the internal pressure p ₀	Determination of the air volumes in the interior of the contact assembly housing in the closed state and in the state when the housing seal touches the mating piece for the first time. With the two volumes, the maximum internal pressure. p_0 that occurs can be computed.	
Visual inspection	Determine deviations from a target state	DIN EN 60512-1-1 characteristics 3a, 3b, 3d to 3g
Long-term aging in dry heat	Duration: 2 h Temperature: 60 °C	DIN EN 60068-2-2 Test Bb
Determination of the retention force of the blind plugs p _{max}	Continuously increase the pressure difference between closed and locked contacts assembly with respect to the external environment (0.5 bar/min) until at least one blind plug slides out (=p _{max}). The internal pressure can be increased or the external pressure lowered. Requirement: p _{max} >1,5*p ₀	

Note:

Batch size: 3 fully equipped, sealed housings, but at least 10 bling plugs

Requirement:

Aim:

Assurance of the retention force of the blind plugs in relation to the internal pressure of the sealed contact assembly in the contacting process.

If it is ensured that the possible internal pressure is max. 0.5 bar, the test can be replaced by a positive pressure test at " Immersion with pressure difference ", see 4.3.4

5. Appendixes

5.1 Appendix A insulation resistance (in mΩ)

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Maximum contact resistance limits in $m\Omega$ at room temperature after aging.

The values include: Contact resistance + 2*Crimp resistance, measured according to DIN EN 60512-2-1. Cables according to LV 112 (Line test regulation, low voltage cable).

Conductivity Contact material >20% IACS, correction factor at lower conductivity acc. to DIN EN 60352-2.

valid for all surfaces e.g. Au, Ag, Sn

conductor cross-section in mm ²	0,13	0,22	0,35	0,50	0,75	1,0
mΩ	20	20	15	15	15	15

5.2 Appendix A.1 determination of the contact resistance

The contact resistance is always measured according to the 4-point measuring method.

At each measuring point (e. g. contact) the cable (each approx. 100mm line) is measured at both ends of the contacts. The line length is to be calculated from the resistance measurements, i. e. reference line of the corresponding line length is also measured)

The adjusted resistance values are documented in $m\Omega$ and the value of the reference line. These are calculated from the voltage drop and the measured current.

There are 2 types of contact resistance measurement:

Contact resistance 1 measurement according to "millivolt level method" according to DIN EN 60512-2-1 use for before/after determination of resistance conditional short-circuit current max. 100 mA clamping voltage max. 20 mV in no-load operation (direct current/ DC)

Contact resistance 2

measurement according to "Measurement with specified current" according to DIN EN 60512-2-2 It is used for the loading of the contact with currents, which extend from the mA-range to wide into the power range.

The current is prescribed in the corresponding test Groups.

Heating of the contact at different currents, then the temperature is measured, e.g. current over-temperature curve.

Measurement Voltage drop as a function of current Clamping voltage max. 20 mV in no-load mode (direct current/ DC). measured variables: voltage drop, temperature documentation: Temperature, Resistance

5.3 Appendix B severity

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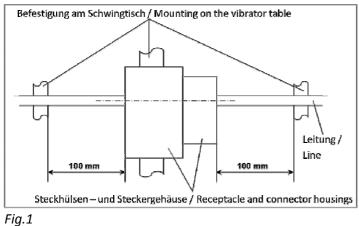
severity	temperature cycle(=TC)	random	vibration with TC	sine wave with TC	number of shocks
2. "body- sealed"	0 min / 20°C 60 min / -40°C 150 min / -40°C 300 min / 120°C 420 min / 120°C 480 min / 20°C	RM ac	h per axis 1S value of celeration 7,8 m/s ² (m/s ²) ² /Hz 20 6,5 0,25 0,25 0,14 0,14	no Sine wave	A = 30 g T = 6ms half-wave sinusoidal number of shocks: 6000

severity	temperature cycle(=TC)		om vibration with TC		ave with TC	number of shocks
3. "applications close to power-train"	0 min / 20°C 60 min / -40°C 90 min / -40°C 240 min / 120°C 420 min / 120°C	22 h per axis RMS value of acceleration 105,5 m/s ²		22 h	per axis	
	480 min / 20°C	Hz	(m/s²)²/Hz	Hz	mm	
		20	10	100	0,095	
		95	10	Hz	m/s²	
		110	0,01	200	150	
		380 0,01		220	150	
		410 20		221	100	
		800	800 10		100	
		1500	5			

severity	temperature cycle(=TC)	random	vibration with TC		ave with FC	number of shocks
4 . "engine mounted parts"	0 min / 20°C 60 min / -40°C 90 min / -40°C 240 min / 140°C 420 min / 140°C	22 h je axis RMS value of acceleration 181 m/s ²		22 h p	oer axis	
appendix C vibrator table mounting	480 min / 20°C	Hz 10 100 300 500 2000	10 10 100 10 300 0,51 500 20		m/s ² 100 150 200 200 150 150	



5.4 Appendix C vibrator table mounting



mounting on the vibrator table, coupling

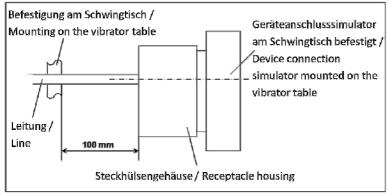
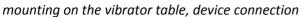


Fig.2



5.5 Appendix D drop test in drum

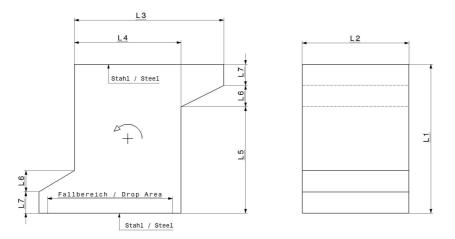


Fig.3 drop test in drum

L1= 1200 mm, L2/L4= 500 mm, L3= 700 mm, L5= 1000 mm, , L6/L7=100 mm

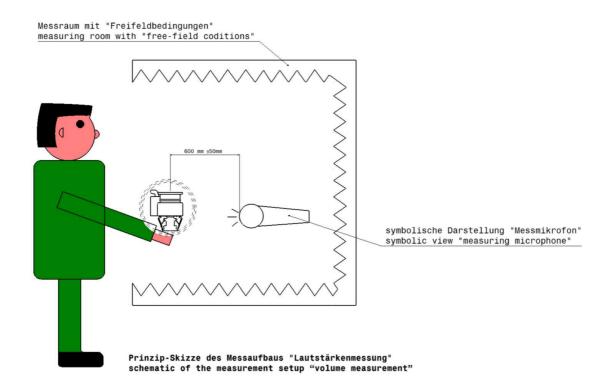


5.6 Appendix E media list

mind. 100 ml , according to DIN EN ISO 175 dousingmind. 8 ml/cm² surface

chemical agent	description	dousing	aging temperature °C
			48 h
brake fluid	DOT 4 / DOT 5	х	50
FAM test fuel (gasoline/premium)	commercially available	х	RT
diesel	DIN EN 590	х	RT
biodiesel	DIN EN 14214	х	RT
diesel additive AdBlue	DIN 70070	х	RT
engine oil 5W-30	fully synthetic	х	50
power steering fluid	according to requirement	х	50
automatic transmission fluid	fully synthetic	х	50
radiator antifreeze	stable to -40°C	х	50
road salt solution	salt mixture (nordic country salt): 3%-salt solution, which of 95% NaCl, 2,5% MgCl ₂ and 2,5% CaCl ₂	х	50

5.7 Appendix F schematic of the measurement setup "volume measurement"





6. Performed test matrix

Not all the above approval tests have been carried out for all numbers of poles!

6.1 1.2 SealStar female connector without CPA

Test		num	bers	of po	les / s	single	row
Test		2	3	4	5	6	8
4.1.1	Dimensional inspection	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4.1.2	Electrical requirements	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4.1.3	Material- and surface analyse	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4.1.4	Contact engagement length	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4.1.5	Interation between contact and housing	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4.1.6	Handling and functional reliability of the housing	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4.1.7	Insert and retention forces of the contact parts in the housing	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4.1.8	Koshiri- Safety						
4.1.9	Housing influence on the Derating						
4.1.10	Vibration (Severity = S)	S 3				S 4	
4.1.11	Climate load of the housing	Х	Х			Х	
4.1.12	Long-term temperature aging	Х	Х			Х	Х
4.1.13	Chemical resistance	Х	Х			Х	Х
4.1.14	Water leak tightness	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4.1.15	Locking noise	Х	Х			Х	Х
4.1.16	Retention force of the bling plugs	Х	Х			Х	Х

6.2 1.2 SealStar female connector with CPA

Test		numbers of poles / single-row						numbers of poles / double-row			
		2	3	4	5	6	8	8	12	16	
4.1.1	Dimensional inspection	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
4.1.2	Electrical requirements	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
4.1.3	Material- and surface analyse	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
4.1.4	Contact engagement length	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
4.1.5	Interation between contact and housing	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
4.1.6	Handling and functional reliability of the housing	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	Х	
4.1.7	Insert and retention forces of the contact parts in the housing	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	Х	
4.1.8	Koshiri- Safety							Х	Х	Х	
4.1.9	Housing influence on the Derating								Х	Х	
4.1.10	Vibration (Severity = S)	S 4	S 4	S 2		S 4			S 2	S 2	
4.1.11	Climate load of the housing	Х		Х		Х			Х	Х	
4.1.12	Long-term temperature aging	Х		Х		Х	Х		Х	Х	
4.1.13	Chemical resistance	Х				Х	Х		Х	Х	
4.1.14	Water leak tightness	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
4.1.15	Locking noise	Х				Х			Х	Х	
4.1.16	Retention force of the bling plugs	Х				Х			Х	Х	



6.3 1.2 SealStar male connector

Test				bers single	•	numbers of poles / double-row			
		2	3	4	5	6	8	8	16
4.1.1	Dimensional inspection	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4.1.2	Electrical requirements	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4.1.3	Material- and surface analyse	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4.1.4	Contact engagement length	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4.1.5	Interation between contact and housing	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4.1.6	Handling and functional reliability of the housing	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	x
4.1.7	Insert and retention forces of the contact parts in the housing	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	x
4.1.8	Koshiri- Safety							Х	Х
4.1.9	Housing influence on the Derating	Х			Х	Х			
4.1.10	Vibration (Severity = S)	S 4			S 4	S 4			S 2
4.1.11	Climate load of the housing	Х			Х	Х			
4.1.12	Long-term temperature aging	Х			Х	Х	Х		
4.1.13	Chemical resistance	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х	
4.1.14	Water leak tightness	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4.1.15	Locking noise	Х	Х		Х				
4.1.16	Retention force of the bling plugs	Х			Х	Х			

7. Revision table

Revision	Alteration	Editor
00	First edition	Kalb M.
01	Operating temperature / Degrees of protection modified	Kalb M.
02	Extension of the 1-row 1.2 SealStar Male Connector, revision the 2.4 Mounting and demounting forces.	Denz A.
03	Revision of the product specification	Kiechle B.